St. Matthew's

Ward Profile

Produced by Walsall Business Insights December 2023



Welcome to St. Matthew's











Did you know?

- **History** In 1900, approximately 10,000 people were employed locally in the preparation of leather and making saddles and bridles. It's estimated there are at least 40 manufacturers of saddles, bridles and light leather goods in the town today. Walsall Leather Museum, opened by princess Anne in 1988, tells the story of the leather trade in Walsall, charting the towns rise from small market town to the international saddle making centre.
- Queen Elizabeth's Platinum Jubilee Opening Sketch showed her having tea with Paddington Bear, in which she produced a marmalade sandwich 'for later' from her leather handbag. One of her favourite Launer London handbag designs was the Traviata, which is handmade in Walsall!
- **Arts** The New Art Gallery opened in 2000, including works from Epstein, Van Gough & Monet. Lifts use the voice of Noddy Holder MBE (Musician) to announce floor arrivals. In partnership with the James Brindley Foundation, Walsall Gallery Square will be host to the 'Knife Angel' Sculpture, a symbol of unity against knife crime, in December 2023. Walsall Illuminations ran from 1951-2009 attracting 250,000 tourists in 1995.
- People Dorothy Pattison, a nurse known as Sister Dora, arrived in Walsall in 1865. She treated
 thousands of patients when the town was hit with smallpox. Walsall Manor hospital's Sister Dora outpatients
 and Dorothy Pattison Hospital caring for mental health patients, are both named after her in dedication.
- Landmarks St Matthews Church rebuilt in 1820, had a stained-glass window dedicated to Sister Dora in 1882 and in 1886 a statue marking her legacy was unveiled in the town centre. In 1972 'Hoppy' the Hippopotamus, a locally famous statue, was commissioned by Walsall Council but to this day the reason why remains a mystery!





- Covers 5.7 sq km (567.5 ha)
- Makes up 5.5% of the total area of Walsall Borough
- Population density of 2,991 usual residents per square kilometer.

 (*lower* than borough average of 3,159)



Councillors

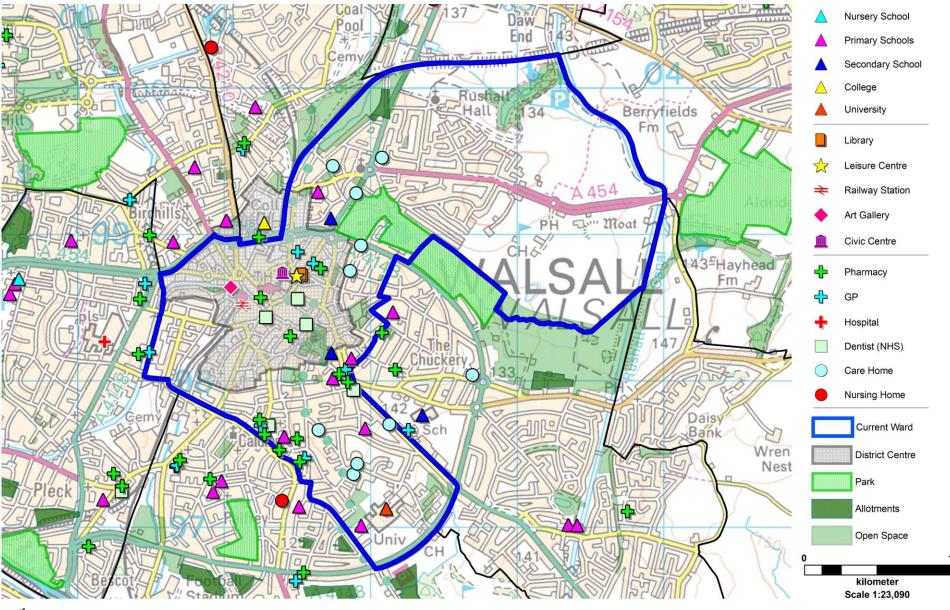




Place

What are the attributes and assets of the local area, and how can we characterise it compared to the rest of Walsall?

Assets



St. Matthew's Assets Map

Walsall Council

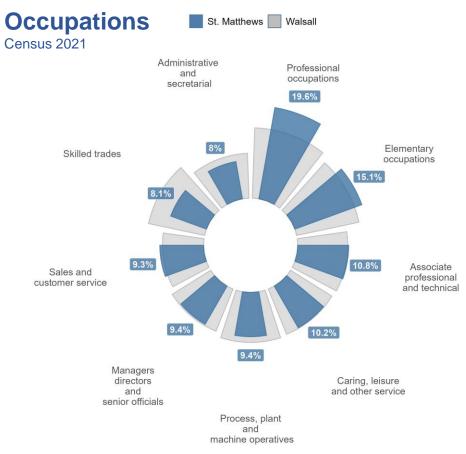
Illustrates St. Matthew's geography and highlights key local assets.



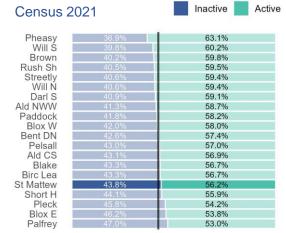




Economy and Workforce



Economic Status



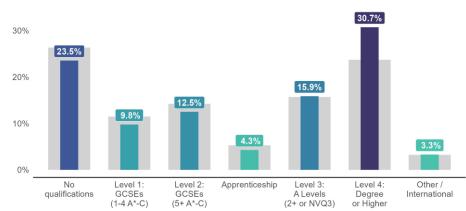
56.2%

Are Economically Active

5th lowest in Walsall. *Inactivity includes* retirees, students, long-term sick/disabled, homemaking and other.

Qualifications

Census 2021

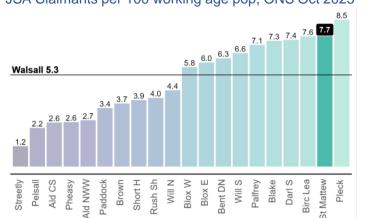


Grey bars = Walsall

 St. Matthew's has a substantially higher proportion of degree or higher educated residents (30.7% of the population), but for other qualifications it matches the Borough picture.
 Almost 1 in 4, 23.5%, have no qualification (Walsall 26.3%).

Claimant Count

JSA Claimants per 100 working age pop, ONS Oct 2023



- St. Matthew's Claimant Count (Jobseekers Allowance) is relatively high, at 7.7 per 100 working age adults.
- This is the 2nd highest of the 20 Walsall wards and exceeds the Borough Claimant rate (5.3).

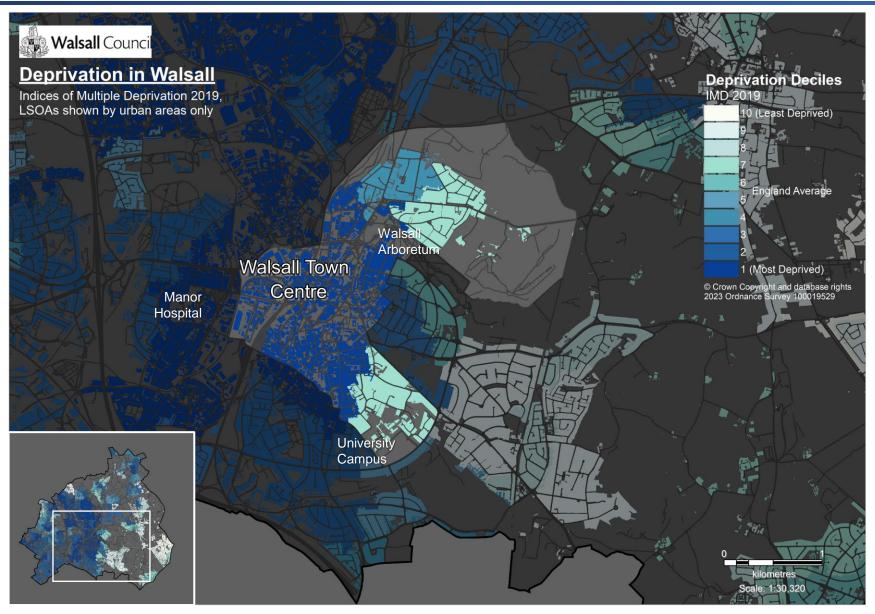
- St. Matthew's occupational profile broadly mirrors Walsall as a borough, with a major exception that relatively more residents are employed within professional occupations (19.6%), and fewer within Skilled Trades (8.1%).
- The profile indicates the labour force of St. Matthews is very diverse: largest groups being Professionals (highly qualified, office-based) alongside relatively large elementary occupations (manual, routine tasks).



Source: Census 2021

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Deprivation



Despite fringe areas of low deprivation, St. Matthew's is a largely deprived area, containing the residences within Walsall Town: areas which fall within the 10% most deprived areas in England.

St. Matthew's faces particular deprivation in:

- Employment
- Health and Disability
- Income
- · Indoors i.e. Housing Quality

All within deciles 2-3 when compared to other areas in England.

However it does rank positively for:

Proximity to Services

Within the 7th decile when compared to England.

England (2 in 10)



8 in 10

Borough (5 In 10)

Residents Living in **High Deprivation**Amongst the bottom 20% of areas nationwide.

Note: Deprivation is a relative measure, not absolute. High deprivation suggests an area has not kept pace with progress relative to other areas in England.

Housing & Households





7,100 HouseholdsIncreased since 2011, 6.3% of Walsall Households are within St. Matthew's



614 (8.7%) St. Matthew's Households are Lone Parents of Dependent children



22.9% School Children & Full-time Students (5yrs & over)



Tenure

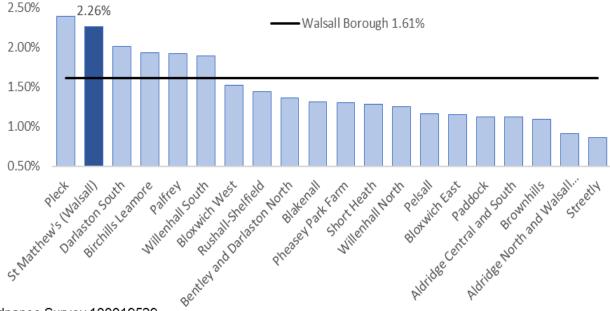
40% Homeowners (18% Homes mortgaged/loan or shared ownership)

33% Socially Rented (Walsall Borough 23.7%)

- St. Matthew's household population of full-time students and school children, aged over 5yrs, is 22.9%: the same as Willenhall South and just above Walsall (22.1%).
- 614 households consist of a lone parent with dependent children, which is double the number compared to 301 in Pheasey. This makes up 8.7% of St. Matthew's households, on par with Walsall and compares to 14.5% in Blakenall.
- The 2nd lowest number of homeowners in Walsall: 40% are owned and of those. more than half are owned outright, without a mortgage or shared ownership. 27% households rent privately or live rent free. One third of homes are socially rented, this ranks 6th highest in Walsall and compares to only 2% in Streetly.
- Number of households living with no central heating across the borough has positively decreased by about half since 2011. However, St. Matthew's has the second highest number of households (2.3%) of the Walsall wards and is within the top quintile of those living with no heating, compared to only 0.9% in Streetly (Walsall borough is 1.6%).

Source: Census 2021

% Households in Ward with no Central heating

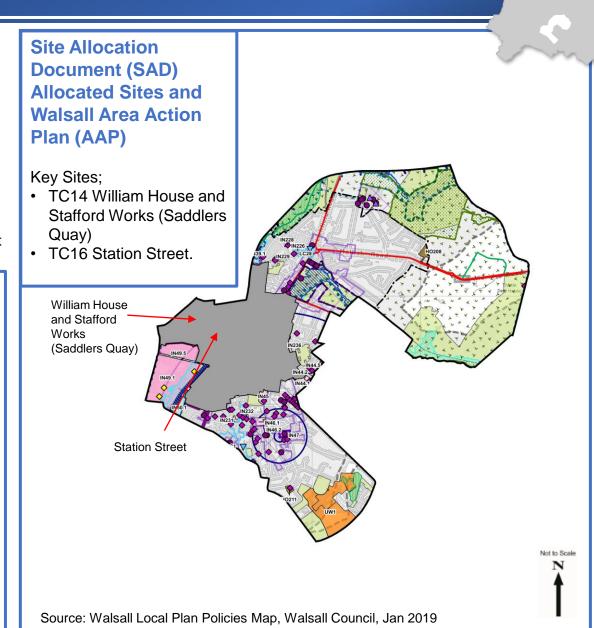




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Development / Regeneration

- Includes Walsall Town Centre, one of the strategic centres in the Black Country a major focus for retail, office, leisure and cultural activities.
- Walsall Town Centre benefits from its own planning framework including the Town Centre Action Plan (AAP) adopted in 2019. The Town Centre Masterplan approved in 2019 sets out 20-year vision for the transformation of the town centre.
- Significant town centre development and investment in the last 15 years >£425m delivering over 85,000sqm of floorspace across a variety of uses, examples include Walsall Waterfront, Wisemore (Travelodge) and Walsall College.
- A significant part of the ward is greenbelt and includes affluent residential areas in the east of the ward.
- Further significant investment (circa £62million) planned for Walsall Town Centre in rail and bus infrastructure, public realm and in heritage buildings, through Walsall Connected Gateway, Active Public Spaces and Creative Industries projects, which are funded through Walsall Council, Town Deal and Future High Street Fund programmes. Such projects will implement the early phases of Walsall Town Centre Masterplan.
- Delivery of Bus Rapid Transit scheme known as SPRINT into Walsall Town Centre is proposed, enhancing links between Walsall and Birmingham City Centre.
- Aspirations to deliver significant Town Centre Living opportunities continue to be pursued with pre-development activity on housing led initiatives at Station Street, Saddlers Quay and Walsall Gateway.
- Emergence of Walsall Borough Local Plan is likely to require sites to be allocated for future development within the St Matthews Ward.
- Council works to provide continued support to businesses/landowners in the ward with regard to their development requirements and growth aspirations.





People

What are the characteristics of the local population, and how do they compare to the wider Walsall Borough?

Demography



16,900

Population
Census 2021



50% Female50% Male



35 Years Median Age (Walsall 39)



20% Aged 0-15 Approximately 1 in 5 people (3,400)



66% Aged 16-64 Approximately 2 in 3 people (11,200)



14% Aged 65+ Approximately 1 in 7 people (2,300)



White

Asian

Black

Mixed

Other

9%

5%

3%

33%

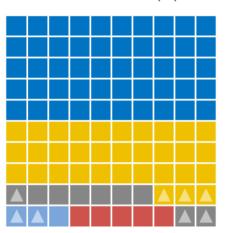
50%

+ 12.5% Population since 2011

+ 1,884 people. Walsall increased by 5.5%

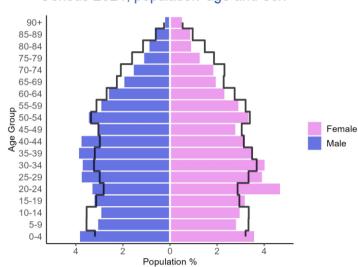
Ethnicity

Census 2021, resident population



Population Pyramid

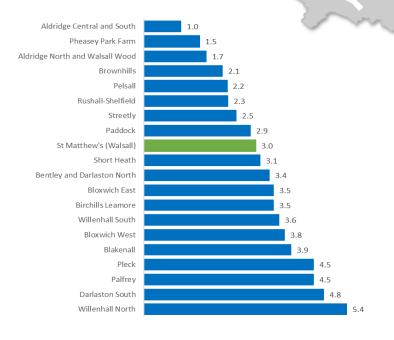
Census 2021, population age and sex



Black Line = Walsall %

Population Density

Census 2021, population per km²



Key Points

- St. Matthew's has just below the average number of 0-15yr olds in Walsall, with around 1 in 5 under the age of 15yrs. It is a relatively young ward with a median age of 35 years old: approximately 4 years below the borough average (39 years) and a stark contrast to the oldest wards, Aldridge, Streetly and Pelsall (47-48 years).
- In terms of Population Density, St. Matthew's is the 9th least densely populated of the 20 wards, equating to 2,991 people per sq km. For context: Walsall's density is 2,733 and Willenhall North, Walsall's most crowded ward, has almost twice as many people per sq km (5,429). Since 2011, St. Matthew's experienced the 3rd highest increase in population size, growing by 12.5% compared to 5.5% in Walsall.
- Ethnically, St. Matthew's is comprised of 50% White British with large populations of Asian (33%), Black (9%), Mixed (5%) and Other (3%). Asian and Black populations have both increased since 2011, and whilst the smallest group, 'Other' has tripled in size in the last decade.

Data Source: Census 2021

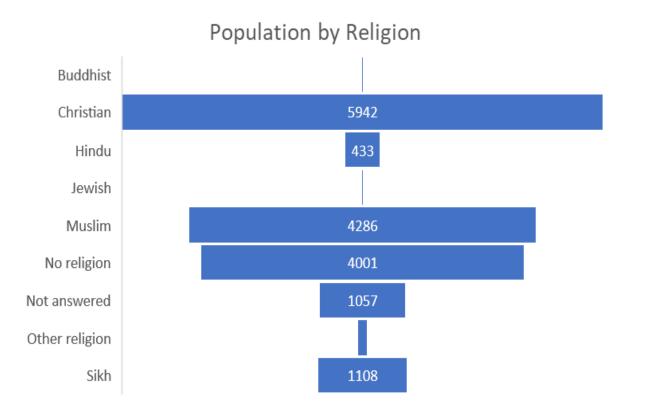
Walsall Council

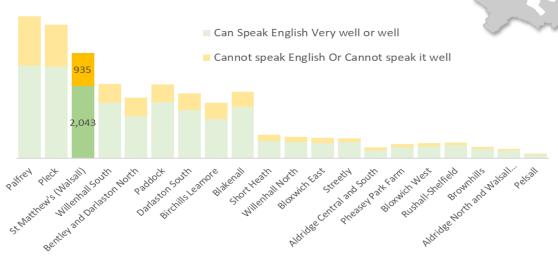
□ = 1% population

Language and Religion



78% of St Matthew's Households where All Adults use English as main language





- 86.5% Households have all occupants, or at least one adult, with English as main language compared to 98.8% in Aldridge & Walsall Wood. When English is not the main spoken language, 31% of residents cannot speak English or cannot speak it well: ranking second highest to Palfrey (35%) and almost double that in Rushall (17%).
- 11.4% of households have nobody with English as main language compared to 0.5% in Pelsall, placing St. Matthew's as the 3rd highest ward in Walsall.

25% households are Muslim (Borough 11.3%)

- 1 in 4 residents reported their religion as Muslim.
- The proportion of Muslim residents in St. Matthew's population is more than double the percentage overall across Walsall 11.3%.

, Walsall Council

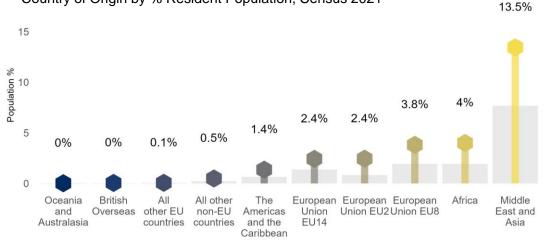
23.6% of residents reported in 2021 Census as having no religion.

Non-UK Country of Birth



St. Matthew's and Borough Comparison

Country of Origin by % Resident Population, Census 2021



Key Points:

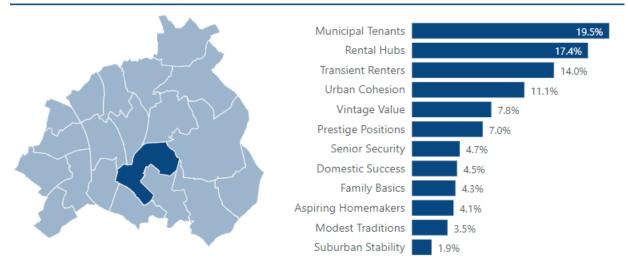
- With 28.1% of residents being non-UK born, St. Matthew's has the 3rd largest proportion of the 20 Walsall wards, and a level substantially higher than the borough's 14.7%.
- The largest non-UK countries of birth are from the Middle East and Asia, approximating 2,283 residents (13.5% of the population), compared to 7.7% across the wider borough.
- The next largest non-UK origins of birth are African nations and EU8 (2004 EU enlargement nations such as Poland, Hungary, Lithuania, Slovenia and Slovakia) at 4% and 3.8% of the population (679 and 648 residents), respectively.
- There are virtually the same level of non-UK born residents from EU2 (Bulgarian and Romania) as there are EU14 born residents (founding EU states such as Germany, France, Italy and Spain), both at 3.8% of the population (approximately 412 and 415 respectively).



Social Segmentation

Social Segment Composition of Pheasey (% Households)

Resilienc



Key Points:

- Social Segmentation is a means of categorising residential populations by shared socio-economic traits and similar behaviours.
- St. Matthew's has a remarkably different composition than the wider borough, comprised of mostly urban segments: the three largest being Municipal Tenants, Rental Hubs and Transient Renters.
- Municipal Tenants (1 in 5 residences), tend to be very low-income families, with limited formal education, in crowded flats/apartments or social housing, and experiencing high levels of fuel poverty.
- Almost 1 in 3 residences (31.4%) in the ward house typically younger renters/home sharers, with short term leases, whose residence may be transitory/relocate fairly frequently. They make extensive use of social networking and digital services.

Municipal Tenants



Urban residents renting high density housing from social landlords Council/HA flats

Densely populated

No qualifications

Low discretionary income

Low environmental impact gap

Fuel poverty

£

14,800

Household Income



56-65

Age Band



Flat

Property Type

Rental Hubs



Educated young people privately renting in urban neighbourhoods

Young singles and homesharers

Rent flats

Very high internet use

Internet via smartphone

Watch videos online

Don't use landlines



38,800

Household Income



26–35

Age Band



Flat
Property Type

Transient Renters



Single people renting low cost homes for the short term

Young singles and homesharers

Millennials

Rent low value terraces

Internet via smartphone

High social networking

Don't use landlines



21,100

Household Income

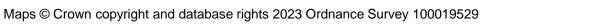


18–25

Age Band



Terraced
Property Type





Vintage Value

Low

Resilience

High Risk

Low

Risk

mpact of Change

Financial Resilience

Transient Renters | Rental Hubs

Urban Cohesion

Education



There are 6 Primary/Infant/Junior schools, 3 Secondary schools and an Alternative Provision free school in the ward:

Blue Coat Infant/ Blue Coat Junior **Butts Primary** Primary Caldmore Primary Academy

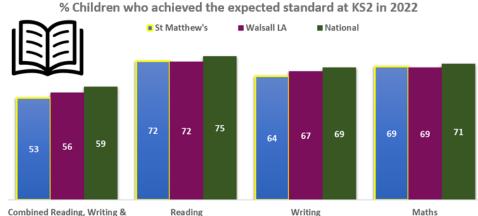
St Mary's the Mount Catholic Primary School Whitehall Junior

Blue Coat Church of England Academy Secondary Queen Mary's High School Walsall Studio School

Free School

The Ladder school







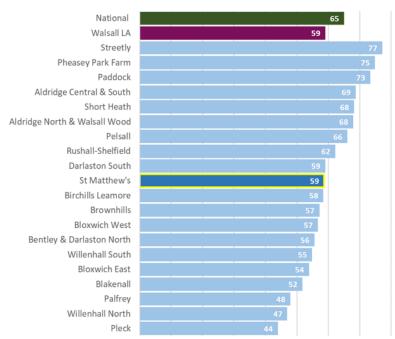
Key Points:

Attainment data by ward is matched based on children resident in the ward who attended any Walsall school within the local authority. Any children who attended an out of borough school are excluded from the analysis.

Pupils take national curriculum assessments in year 6 at the end of KS2, when most will reach the age of 11. Pupils take tests commonly referred to as SATs. The proportion of children in the St Matthews ward who reached the expected standard equals the Walsall average in Reading and math.

Achieving GCSE English and maths in 2022

% Children who reached a good level of development in 2022



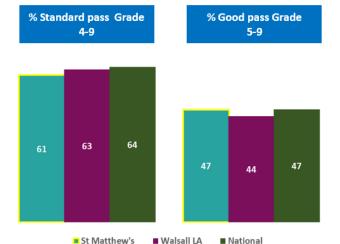


Children are defined as having reached a good level of development at the end of their Reception year if they have achieved at least the expected level in prime and specific areas of learning.

Maths

The overall GLD for Walsall in 2022 was 59%. Achievement of children in the St Matthews ward equalled the Walsall average but is below the national average. St Matthews ward is ranked 10th highest for % GLD compared to the other wards in Walsall.





At the end of KS4 (Year 11) pupils sit examinations in a range of GCSE and other vocational qualifications.

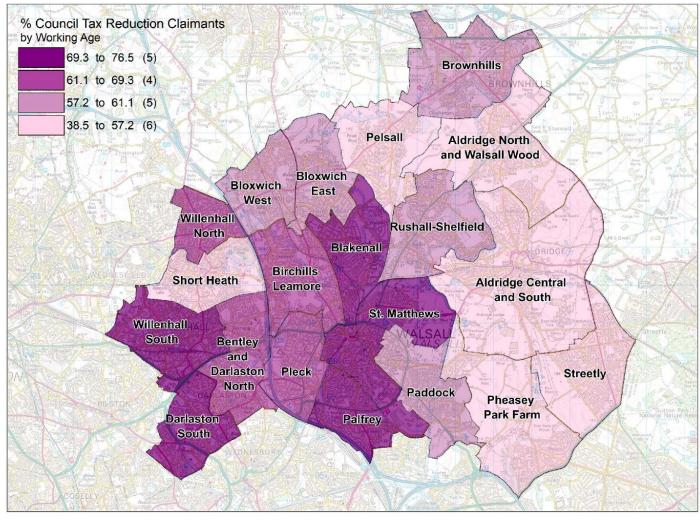
The percentage of pupils in Walsall who have achieved at least a grade 4 or above in English and maths GCSE is slightly below national at 63%. 61% of students resident in the St Matthews ward achieve a standard pass at GCSE.

47% of students who live in the ward achieve a good pass in English and maths GCSE. This is 3% higher than the Walsall LA figure and equals the National average.

Attainment data for 2022 matched to January school census pupil address/postcode information. Includes only those whose address is Attainment data for 2022 matched to January school census pupil address/postcode information. Includes only those whose address is located within a ward and who achieved assessments in a Walsall LA school



Council Tax Reduction (CTR) household claimants – working age

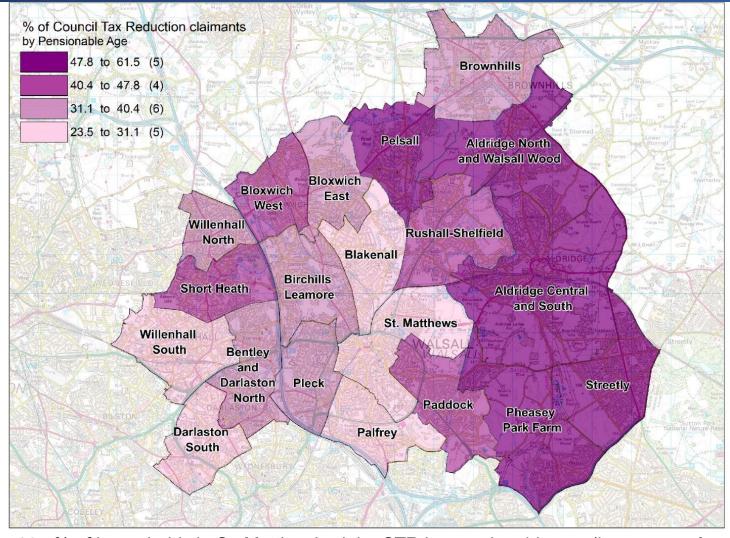


76.5% of households in St. Matthew's claim CTR by working age (highest of Walsall's wards) and higher than the Borough average of 64.1%.

Ward	Total Number of Households in Receipt of Council Tax Reduction	Pensionable Age	of Working Age
Aldridge Central and South	924	49.68	50.32
Aldridge North and Walsall Wood	949	47.84	52.16
Bentley and Darlaston North	1,773	33.62	66.38
Birchills Leamore	2,323	31.12	68.88
Blakenall	1,995	29.77	70.23
Bloxwich East	1,788	38.93	61.07
Bloxwich West	1,690	40.41	59.59
Brownhills	1,352	40.38	59.62
Darlaston South	2,165	29.84	70.16
Paddock	556	41.01	58.99
Palfrey	1,771	30.66	69.34
Pelsall	824	52.55	47.45
Pheasey Park Farm	444	55.18	44.82
Pleck	1,829	32.59	67.41
Rushall-Shelfield	1,138	41.74	58.26
Short Heath	1,009	42.81	57.19
St. Matthews	2,035	23.54	76.46
Streetly	309	61.49	38.51
Willenhall North	1,078	36.83	63.17
Willenhall South	1,835	30.08	69.92
WALSALL	27,787	35.87	64.13



Council Tax Reduction (CTR) household claimants – pensionable age



23.5% of households in St. Matthew's claim CTR by pensionable age (lowest out of Walsall's wards) and is significantly lower than the Borough average of 35.9%.

Ward	Total Number of Households in Receipt of Council Tax Reduction	% that are of Pensionable Age	% that are of Working Age
Aldridge Central and South	924	49.68	50.32
Aldridge North and Walsall Wood	949	47.84	52.16
Bentley and Darlaston North	1,773	33.62	66.38
Birchills Leamore	2,323	31.12	68.88
Blakenall	1,995	29.77	70.23
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WALSALL	27,787	35.87	64.13





Health & Social Care

What are the health and social care needs of the Ward?

General Health

What is the General Health of St Matthews?

Census 2021, % of resident population



- St. Matthew's residents report their general level of health favourably, with 78.8% reporting good health and ranking jointly with Pleck as median of the Walsall wards. However, this is lower than the England average (82.1%).
- Approximately 1 in 14 residents reported living in poor health or worse.

Walsall Council

Disability

Census 2021, resident population



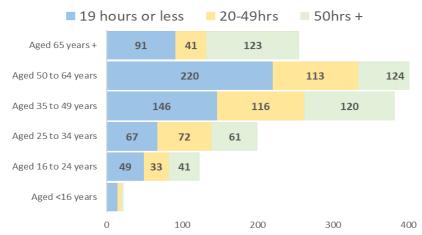
19.0% Reported as Disabled

Where day-to-day activities are limited (approximately 1 in 5 residents).

- This is approximately in line with the Walsall borough (19.1%) and ranks 8th lowest of Walsall's 20 wards.
- A further 5.2% have a long term physical or mental Health condition where daily activities are not limited.

Unpaid Care

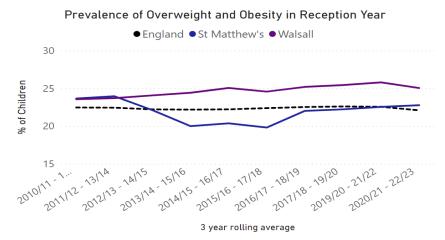
Census 2021, resident population (aged 5yrs +)



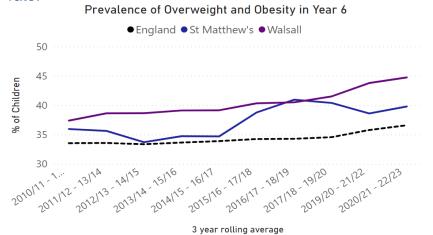
- **2**nd **Highest** number of Unpaid carers in Walsall at 1,439 compared to Pheasey Park Farm with least (1,044) and Short Heath (1,171).
- 1 in 11 residents provide weekly unpaid care, mostly 50-64yr olds, and provide less than 19 hours per week

Child Healthy Weight

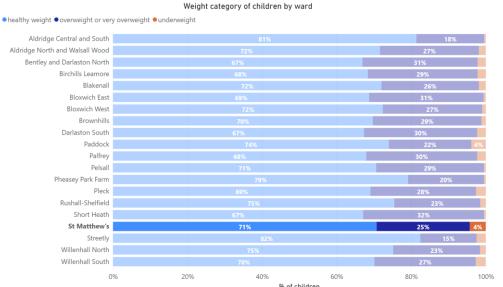


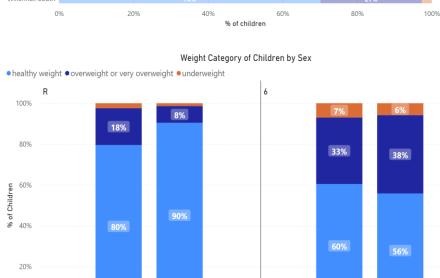


The prevalence of Reception-aged children who are overweight obese in St. Matthew's has shown a stable trend in recent years and is lower than the Walsall average and similar to the national rate.



The prevalence of Year 6 children who are overweight or obese in St. Matthew's has increased in the most recent year and is higher than the national rate, but lower than the average for the borough.





Female

Male



In St. Matthew's around

7 in 10

children are a healthy weight. However, 1 in 4 children are overweight or obese, and 4% of children are underweight.

In Reception aged children in this ward, a significantly higher proportion of boys are of a healthy weight than girls.

However, by Year 6, 6 in 10 girls in St. Matthew's are a healthy weight, which is a higher proportion than in boys.

In both sexes, the proportion of Y6 aged children that are underweight is one of the highest in the borough.

Male

Female



Adult Social Care

Key facts and figures about Ward residents receiving support in 2022-23

730

New requests for support, received from

467 individuals

12 people aged 18-24, 185aged 25-64 and 270 aged 65+

214

People received an assessment

2 people aged 18-24, 98 aged 25-64 and 114 aged 65+

73 assessments resulted in a long term service

11

Carers were assessed and supported during the year



0 people aged 18-24, 9 aged 25-64 and 2 aged 65+

220

People received a long term service such as domiciliary care, etc



10 people aged 18-24, 91 aged 25-64 and 119 aged 65+

332

Safeguarding concerns were received, relating to

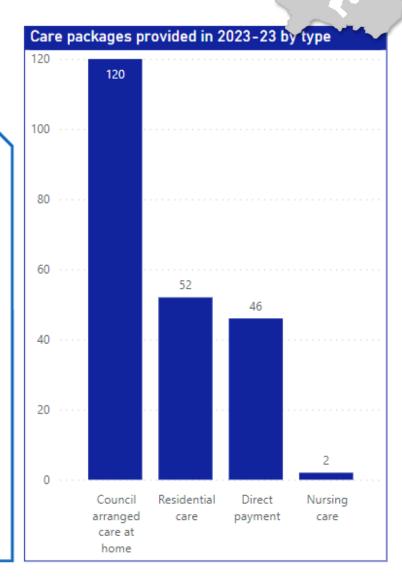
198 individuals

16 people aged 18-24, 110 aged 25-64 and 72 aged 65+

18.98%

Of safeguarding concerns received progressed to a formal investigation





Adult Social Care Adult User Survey 2022-23

Responses from Ward residents

People surveyed

Responses
Responses

Were received from

44

A1

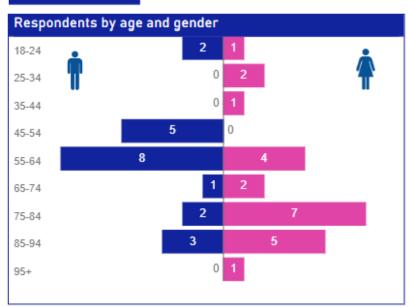
People residing in their own home

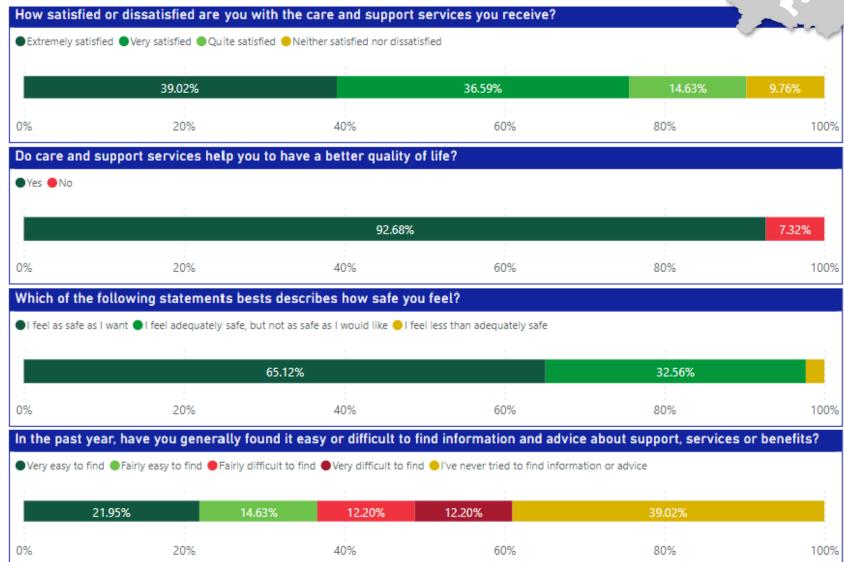
0

People residing in nursing care

3

People residing in residential care









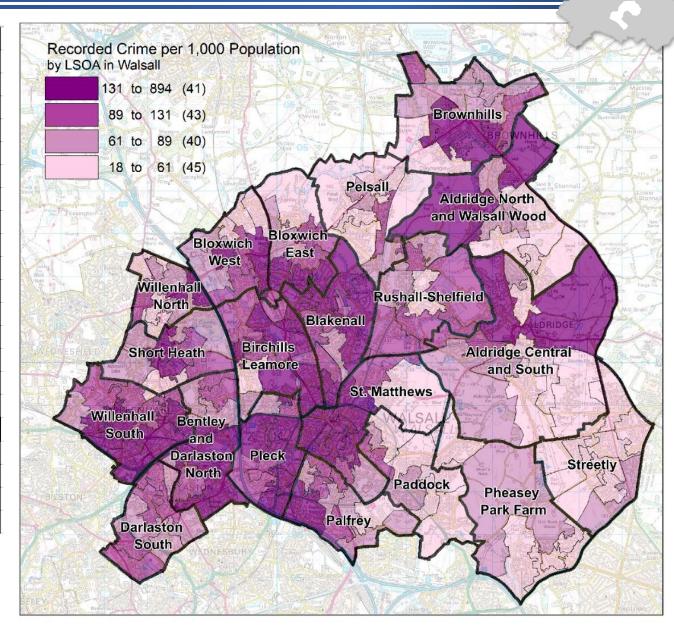
Crime

What do we know about local crime levels and how do they compare to the wider Borough?

Recorded Crime

Ward	Count	Popn	Dato r	per 1,000 Popn
		-	Nate p	
Aldridge Central and South	1203	14695		81.86
Aldridge North and Walsall Wood	1226	13167		93.11
Bentley and Darlaston North	1887	13994		134.84
Birchills Leamore	2655	16523		160.69
Blakenall	2375	16003		148.41
Bloxwich East	1584	13655		116.00
Bloxwich West	1487	13680		108.70
Brownhills	1607	13437		119.60
Darlaston South	1693	17596		96.22
Paddock	765	13206		57.93
Palfrey	1604	16692		96.09
Pelsall	695	11350		61.23
Pheasey Park Farm	594	11428		51.98
Pleck	2596	16534		157.01
Rushall-Shelfield	1125	12434		90.48
Short Heath	1227	11662		105.21
St. Matthews	4655	15564		299.09
Streetly	582	12578		46.27
Willenhall North	1147	12717		90.19
Willenhall South	2939	17242		170.46
Walsall Borough	33646	284157		118.41

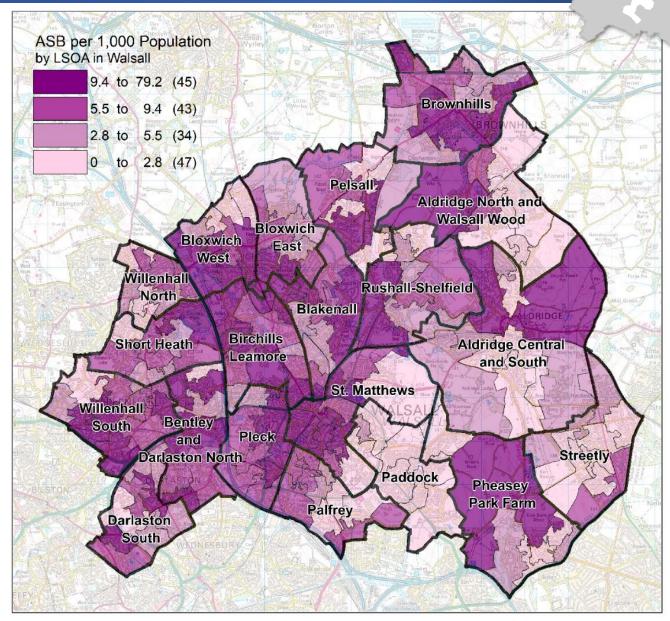
St. Matthew's ward ranks highest for recorded crime, but with variations at a LSOA level.



Anti-social Behaviour

Ward	Count	Popn	Rate p	per 1,000 Po _l	pn
Willenhall South	143	17242		8.	.29
Willenhall North	60	12717		4.	.72
Streetly	32	12578		2.	.54
St. Matthews	328	15564		21.	.07
Short Heath	73	11662		6.	.26
Rushall-Shelfield	85	12434		6.	.84
Pleck	126	16534		7.	.62
Pheasey Park Farm	43	11428		3.	.76
Pelsall	64	11350		5.	.64
Palfrey	76	16692		4.	.55
Paddock	21	13206		1.	.59
Darlaston South	104	17596		5.	.91
Brownhills	131	13437		9.	.75
Bloxwich West	183	13680		13.	.38
Bloxwich East	119	13655		8.	.71
Blakenall	195	16003		12.	.19
Birchills Leamore	287	16523		17.	.37
Bentley and Darlaston North	135	13994		9.	.65
Aldridge North and Walsall Wood	74	13167		5.	.62
Aldridge Central and South	58	14695		3.	.95
Walsall Borough	2337	284157		8.	.22

St. Matthew's ward ranks as highest for recorded antisocial behaviour, but with variations at a LSOA level.



Useful Links

- Walsall Insight Trends & data covering the Walsall Borough https://www.walsallintelligence.org.uk
- Walsall Council Homepage | Walsall Council
- Economic Intelligence Unit (EIU) https://www.theeiu.org
- Office for National Statistics (ONS) -
 - Census 2021 Ward data, England and Wales
 https://www.ons.gov.uk/releases/warddataenglandandwalescensus2021
 - Census 2021 Walsall Population Summary
 https://www.ons.gov.uk/visualisations/censuspopulationchange/E08000030
- NOMIS Official Census and Labour Market Statistics https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/



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